Cylinder & Motor Fuel Dispensing Operators must pass a "hands-on" **practical evaluation** following their written examination(s) that will address the following questions?

- 1. How do you know the cylinder you are about to fill is a propane cylinder?
- 2. What do you look for during a visual inspection before filling?
- 3. What do you do if a cylinder has a "sleeve"?
- 4. What are consumer warning labels and when must they be applied?
- 5. What size cylinders must be equipped with an OPD valve? How do you know if a cylinder has an OPD valve? May cylinders be filled in Alabama using only an OPD valve? What is the reasoning for the answer?
- 6. When does a cylinder have to be re-qualified?
- 7. What do re-qualification stampings look like on a cylinder? Explain what they mean and when they must be performed again.
- 8. When do you purge cylinders? How? Identify and/or explain purging equipment.
- 9. Explain how to properly set scales to prevent overfilling? What cylinders must be weighed to ensure proper filling?
- 10. Explain fixed maximum liquid gauge (spew gauge). Its purpose. Why might it not be a reliable source for determining proper fill level?
- 11. When are plastic POL plugs to be used? Dust caps?
- 12. How many cylinders can a consumer transport in the trunk of a car or an area that communicates with the passenger area such as a van or SUV? Cylinders must be transported in what position? Why? What is important when considering transportation of cylinders in the summer?
- 13. What are some precautions necessary when filling an RV tank?
- 14. Relative to road tax, what do you have to do before filling a tank on a vehicle used for motor fuel? In-state vehicle tag? Out-of-state vehicle tag? What do you do with motor fuel taxes collected?